

# Navigating the Political Waters of Two Systems

Dr. Diane Hollems, Co-founder, GFSF

Dr. Melissa Moreno, Interim Vice President, SBCC

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# Presentation Overview

- ◆ Identifying the Politics of Dual Enrollment
- ◆ Two Systems – Where do they Intersect?
- ◆ Misperceptions & Myth Busters
- ◆ Strategies for Effective Communication
- ◆ Action Plan
- ◆ Q & A

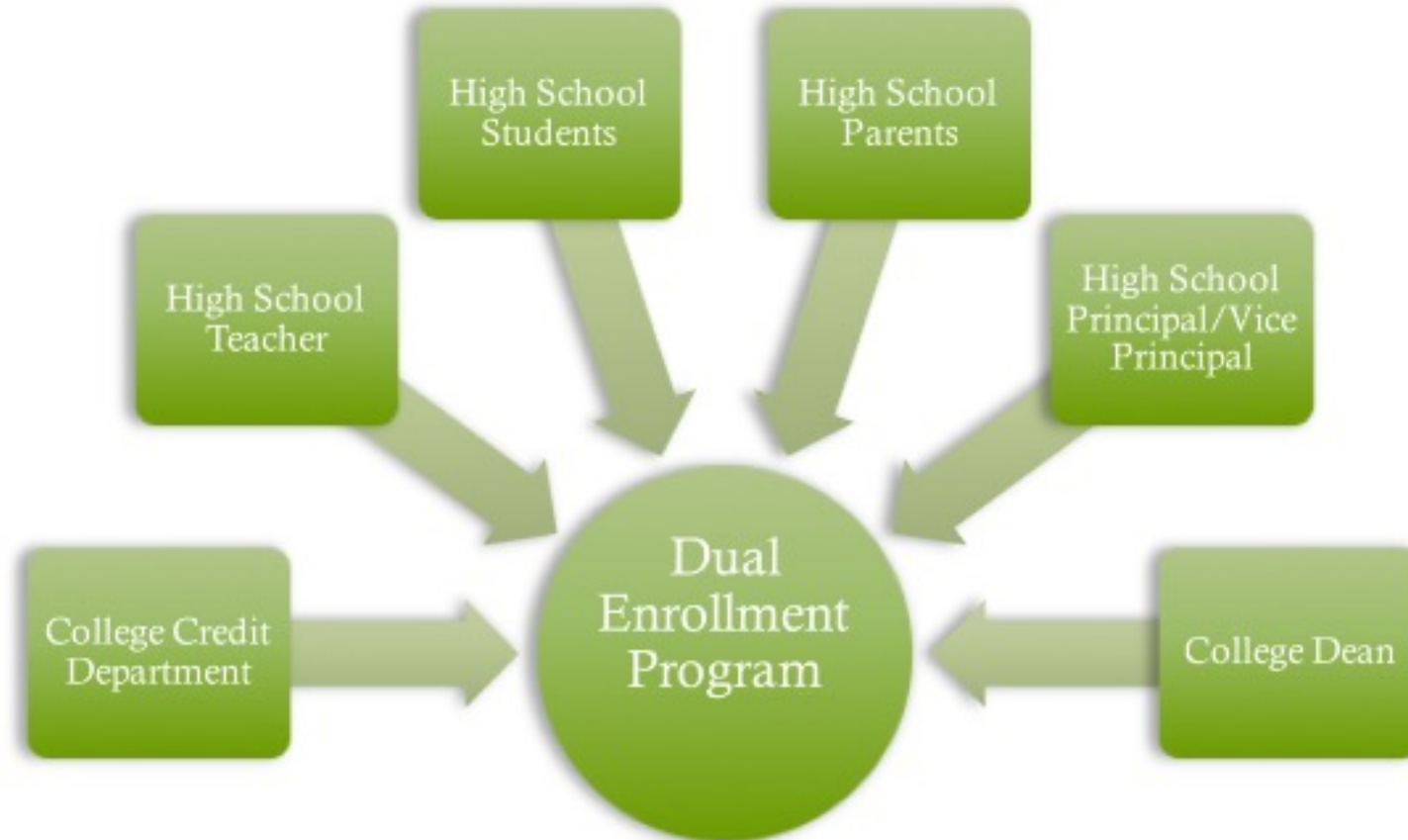
# Let's Talk Politics

- ◆ What is involved in establishing a Dual Enrollment Program?
- ◆ What are the political elements involved?
- ◆ What are your perceptions of Dual Enrollment? What are the perceptions of others and how do you know this?
- ◆ Remember—"perception is reality" and both your perceptions and those with whom you work are important.
- ◆ **Quick brainstorm with the person next to you**  
—if a person has an erroneous or "bad" perception of DE, what steps could you take to help change those perceptions?

# Consider: Who's Around the Table?



# Dual Enrollment Stakeholders



# Two Systems with Common Goals?

- ◆ High school perspective
  - ◆ Goals – completion, student matriculation
  - ◆ Outcome Measures – graduation rates, assessments, A-G completion
  - ◆ Standards – Common Core
  - ◆ Career pathways (CCPTs, etc. )
  - ◆ Funding – ADA—LCFF (bulk funding)
- ◆ College perspective
  - ◆ Goals – completion, transfer or employment
  - ◆ Outcome Measures – persistence, completion, transfer rates, reduce remediation
  - ◆ Student Learning Outcomes
  - ◆ Funding – FTES (course-by-course funding)
  - ◆ Guided Pathways

# Potential Hurdles

- ◆ Qualified Faculty for College Course
- ◆ College Rigor for college courses taught at the high schools
- ◆ Course Alignment Accuracy
- ◆ Pushback from some Community College Departments – different philosophies about high school students doing college work
- ◆ Pushing students too far/too fast (aka Race to Nowhere)
- ◆ Unprepared Students graduating high school, but unprepared for college
- ◆ Helicopter Parents and FERPA

# Myth or Truth?

- ◆ Myth? HS Teachers Not Qualified
  - ◆ Must Meet Minimum Qualifications set by the state
  - ◆ Evaluations—same as faculty on college campus
- ◆ Myth? HS Course Not Rigorous Enough
  - ◆ Articulation Meetings
  - ◆ Clearly communicated expectations
- ◆ Myth? HS Course Inaccurate and Misaligned
  - ◆ Same course outline, textbook, prerequisites, assessments, etc.



# Myth or Truth?

- ◆ Myth? Colleges Don't Want to Work With HS
  - ◆ Pushback from CC Departments – different philosophy
  - ◆ Foster collaborative relationships – make sure they see “What’s in it for me” (e.g., better prepared students matriculating to college)
- ◆ Myth? We are pushing students too far/too fast (aka Race to Nowhere)
  - ◆ Student eligibility, appropriate advising, high school permission/gatekeeping
- ◆ Myth? We Have Unprepared Students (see above)
- ◆ Myth? We Have Helicopter Parents
  - ◆ FERPA—college instructors must only communicate with students unless written permission

# Considerations

- 💧 What are the barriers to program development and/or expansion?
- 💧 What would improve program quality and thus reputation?
- 💧 What types of policy change and/or reform would increase equity within and access to Dual Enrollment programs? Is AB288 answering these questions?

# Building a true Career Pathway using Dual Enrollment

- ◆ If there is a strained relationship between college and high school decision-makers and/or faculty, the first step is to repair that relationship—remember—food works!
- ◆ Plan cohesively—remember the Perkins pathways— intro courses, concentrator courses, & a capstone course. Explore having concentrator or capstone courses earn college credit (similar to the intro college course that many Tech Prep agreements reference).

# Building the Program

- ◆ RELATIONSHIP BUILDING—should take place regularly and genuinely!
- ◆ Course discussions between administrators & faculty at both institutions surrounding the career pathway. The goal is for the student to STAY on their chosen pathway through college and into a career.
- ◆ Team logistics—Who will be doing what? How will students get registered (come to the next session 😊 )

# Managing Your Program Image Effectively: The Importance of Communication 😊

- Internal Factors
  - Within College and/or K-12 Districts
  - Faculty (mis)perceptions
- External Factors
  - Website
  - Social Networking
  - Community Awareness/Support

# Strategies for Effective Communication

- ◆ Be genuine and set out your goals clearly.
- ◆ Build relationships at all levels—decision-makers, faculty, counselors. Meet consistently. Don't leave one group out of the loop.
- ◆ Respect each system's requirements—(e.g., College departments are the ultimate “deciders” about putting a college course on the high school campus. High schools must operate within their own logistical systems for college classes taught during the school day).
- ◆ If there is something (or someone) stopping forward motion, regroup and deal with the issue.

# Exceptional Collegiality is in the Details

- 🟢 Everything counts
- 🟢 Never stop learning about each other
- 🟢 Seek the expertise of your colleagues
- 🟢 Research relevant Ed Code (from both perspectives)
- 🟢 Think of what you do as being a true *Team*
- 🟢 In the long run, everyone wins—especially our students!

# Action Plan – 90 Days

## 💧 Identify your Visionaries:

- 💧 With whom do you or will you collaborate? WHO ARE YOUR CHAMPIONS?
- 💧 What is the next step?

## 💧 Articulate your Goals:

- 💧 What do you hope to accomplish?
- 💧 How do your goals align with K-12?
- 💧 How do your goals align with the Postsecondary Institution?

## 💧 Gather Resources:

- 💧 What professional development needs do you have?
- 💧 What materials/information/resources do you want/need?
- 💧 How can we help???



# Questions, Input or Feedback?

We're here to help you!

Contact:

Dr. Diane Hollems

[Diane.Hollems@gmail.com](mailto:Diane.Hollems@gmail.com)